

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME IX, No. 22

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Oct. 27th, 1921

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

UNION CHURCH

Services will be held as usual Sunday School, 11 a.m. Evening service, 7:30 p.m.; subject, will be on "Temperance," next Sunday being the World's Temperance Sunday. Beautyhand Service, at 3 p.m., Rev. V. M. Gilbert, pastor. Cordial invitation is issued to all to attend.

Choir practice at the home of Mrs. H. H. Hall, on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Supplying Wants of Readers

The Regina Leader takes the country weeklies to task, accusing them of being "proud of the gift" of a picture of Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen and publishing same "showing to all their readers what their political Saviour Claus has brought them." Well, the country weeklies may use Meighen's face to help fill up space, or possibly in admiration of the man, but the Leader can't accuse them of filling space for days with the pictures of that fat slob Arbuckle, who is to be tried for manslaughter and to which the Leader featured for several days after the "event." Possibly each were supplying the wants of their particular kind of readers.—News, Mooseley.

J. F. McCurdy, of Josephine, recently had the misfortune to suffer a severe loss by fire, losing barn, house and barn-house, besides his straw stacks and 600 sheaves. With times as hard as they are at present a misfortune of this kind is a hard one to bear. Too much attention cannot be paid to the

Empress W.I. Organise

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a branch of the W.I. in Empress was held on Thursday, October 20, in the Englebright building, Mrs. F. W. Hughes, of Cavendish, presided, and outlined the aims of the institute. Sympathy was expressed with the movement and it was decided to organize a branch of the Society here. Regular meetings are to be held on second Thursdays of each month. The new branch starts out with a good membership and is expected that the ladies will carry on the institute work with vigor. The following were the officers elected:

Mrs. L. Shannon, president; Mrs. E. L. Kenny, first vice-pres.; Mrs. J. Cusack, 2nd vice-pres.; Mrs. Manning Sec.-Treasurer. Audit Officers, Mrs. T. Rowles, Mrs. A. E. Fensom; Directors, Mesdames Messingill, Rad, Humphries, McEachern.

Auction Sale of Farm

Stock and Implements

Sale of Equipment for 3 Sections
B. H. Dial is conducting a mammoth auction sale for Messrs. Hallman and Welsh at their farm on Section 29-23-2 west of 4th, on Thursday, Nov. 3 (6 miles north of Aegina Valley). The bill includes fourteen head of horses, seven head of cattle and a large and varied line of implements all in good condition. Sale will commence at 11 a.m. Lunch served. Terms cash. Do not miss this sale. Further information on large posters.—adv.

fire hazard, at present, as everything is very dry and dead vegetation so inflammable.

A Pleasant Social Evening

A very pleasant social event took place on the night of Tuesday the 18th when a number of the town's younger folk gathered to do honor to Mr. and Mrs. Williamson, who left our town on Monday for Carstairs, Alta. Meeting at eight o'clock at the Bachelors' Club the group made their way to the residence of the host and hostess, who had been given no previous intimation of the impending visit. An all too short evening was passed most pleasantly in dancing, cards and in music, culminating after lunch had been served in the presentation to Mr. and Mrs. Williamson of a handsome piece of china as a token of esteem and affection from their many friends in Empress. To this gift Mrs. Williamson made a brief but suitable reply. Among those present were: Mesdames Arthur, Clark, Mc Cune and Botsford. Misses Gladys Stewart, York, Clark, Trail and Steen. Messrs. McDiarmid, Arthur, Chapman, Caldwell, Wier, Best. *Clarke and Wier's "Sa" demonstration*

Have You Any Dairy Problems?

"Whenever you receive enquiries or certain questions dealing with Dairy Problems of any kind, I would be pleased to have you forward same to me, and it will be my pleasure to answer same for you and assist you in any way to make your Query Column an absolute success."—F. Stamp.

A case of alleged insanity was tried in the local court this week. Complainant was Arch. Carr, of Eva, and defendant, his neighbor, Johannes Schaeffer. Among other happenings, Carr lost a house by fire, the circumstances of which caused him to lay information against the accused. Schaeffer was committed to the custody of his son Christopher, to await an order from the Attorney General. The case was tried by J. P. D. McEachern and H. H. Hall.

Miss Edna Peters, who has been employed at Sealwell for the past few months has returned to her home here.

From Last Sunday's Sermon

By Request

The subject for discussion in the Union Church Synch. was the "Appeal," issued last year by the Lambeth Conference. The text of the "Appeal" was read in place of the usual Scripture Lesson.

The speaker pointed out that the topic was opportune, as last June the Presbyterian Assembly had finally passed a vote in favor of the pending union and this month the Anglican Synod, which met in Hamilton, had adopted the "Appeal" with one dissenting vote.

Among the fore-runners of the document were mentioned the work of men who have long lamented the divisions in the church and were looking forward to one universal church among them. Dr. Orchard said, "Neither the foreign missionary nor the war would recognize the petty differences which caused our sectarianism and one of the strongest factors in preparing the way was the influence of historical study on the claims of the church." To illustrate, a quotation from "Public Opinion," dated August 27, 1920 was given. "Reviewing Dr. Headlam's Bampton Lectures, it says, 'Dr. Headlam, the Regius Professor, himself an Anglican, while agreeing that the early church quite definitely held that the Bishops were the successors of the apostles asserts that there is no evidence at all to show that he considered that the Bishops held their positions because they had received grace from their predecessors. Succession meant succession in a sense and not succession by ordination.'"

A study of the text itself showed a splendid spirit. The great Anglican church came in no evasive spirit but claimed that it had something to contribute to the larger church and acknowledge that the others also have definite contributions to make. Each keeping to itself gifts that rightly belong to the whole fellowship. It acknowledged that non-conformity has been the means of developing "rich elements of truth, liberty, and life which otherwise might have been obscured or neglected." Two points emphasized the sincerity of the "Appeal," the recommendation of the Episcopate as the form of church government and the acknowledgement of guilt in causing the schism—the desire to frankly confess our guilt of thus crippling the body of Christ.

The doctrinal basis for the larger church was suggested as the acceptance of the Holy Scriptures as the rule and guide of faith, the use of two sacraments, Baptism and Lord's Supper and the Nicene or Apostles Creed as the baptismal confession. Only with the last point did the speaker disagree, he thought they scarcely

represented the position of our church people today.

It was noted that one of the first Albertans Union Churches had called an Anglican clergyman from the east and that the church was doing well. And there seemed to be no reason why in towns like our own there could not be an Anglican service in the morning for those who preferred this type of worship and a non-conformist service in the evening or vice versa, and the same man conduct both services. And the speaker went so far as to say that he would be willing to accept ordination at the hands of an Anglican bishop if by so doing he could meet this twofold need.

They tell the story of a man who lay near death and making known his wishes with regard to the funeral, he named six business men in his home town for pall-bearers. "But," he was asked, "would you not prefer to have some of your old friends in the neighborhood, as pall-bearers?" "No," replied the dying man, "the men I have named have carried me ever since I came to the district and they may as well finish the job."

The Daughters of the Empire will hold their regular monthly business meeting, on Tuesday next November 1st at the home of Mrs. Blodgett.

Dan McArthur, of Drumheller was a visitor to town Tuesday of this week. He reports business as good in the coal town.



We Set The Pace

for cleaning and repairing automobiles. Others are compelled to follow. No matter what's wrong with your car we give it our attention—skillful and experienced attention and our charges are reasonable.

Give us a trial and judge for yourself

Alberta Machine Shop

W. C. BOYD, Proprietor

Your Seed Grain



To obtain maximum yields you need to sow Tested Seed Grain. To purchase good seed you may require financial assistance. Extending accommodation for such purposes is an important phase of Standard Service.

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS

Blindfold Branch: Cavendish Sub-Branch

W. J. Harroyst, Manager.

ORDER YOUR CHRISTMAS CARDS

NOW

The practice of sending Greeting Cards at Christmas Time is one that has become universal in the west.

A Christmas Card conveys the message of remembrance and kind thought in an inexpensive way

Call and see sample book

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

They all Clean House before the cold weather sets in. We have all the little helps necessary to lighten the work.

as follows:

Imperial Ioca Gloss O'Cedar Polish and Liquid Veneer
O'Cedar Floor Mops
Alabastine, the sanitary wall coating, the kind you always use.
Kyanise Varnish Stain, in all popular colors.
Martin Senour 100 p.c. Pure Paint.

O-Cedar Polish

YOU WILL FIND ALL THESE AND MANY OTHER HELPS FOR HOUSECLEANING. Surprise "Hubby" and Make the Old House Look Like New. STOREYS, THE STORE WITH THE STOCK

N. D. STOREY

EXTRA STEPS MEAN EXTRA SAVED



The Price today ordinary colors 5.50

March 1921 ordinary colors were 6.00
March 1920 7.00

Reduction in price per gallon 1.50





The Importance Of Encouraging Western Settlers

Many advantages that would accrue to Canada from the settlement of the vast unoccupied areas of fertile agricultural lands in the West are fairly well recognized by all people, yet the people of these vast lands languish and proceeds almost at a snail's pace.

There is hardly a Canadian problem today, the solution of which, wholly or largely, is not to be found in a large increase in the population of the country.

Is it the huge national debt created by the war and the consequent heavy burden of taxation? The solution is not so much in decreased expenditure or newer and additional means of revenue, but in a larger number of people to produce new wealth and to carry a share of the national load, thereby reducing the burden all round.

Is it the problem of making the National Railway pay? The solution is not to be found in higher rates for passengers and freight, which would operate to further decrease traffic, nor solely in ploughing out in management and operation, to which there is a limit; if efficient service is not to be destroyed, but through increased population and increased production creating greater traffic to keep the railways profitably busy.

Is it a steady stream of job seekers and untrained employment for Canada's arizonas? The solution is more people in Canada requiring the output of our factories.

Other countries, already blessed with fairly large populations, can well depend upon the natural increase of their people. But not so a young country like Canada, an empire in itself covering half a continent and, possessing untold wealth in untouched natural resources. Canada now needs more people, and for many years to come will require just what the United States required throughout the Nineteenth Century, and that is a large and steady stream of immigrants. The United States, with its more than one hundred million people, can now afford to check the stream, but Canada needs to encourage it.

In the ten or fifteen years before the war, immigration poured into Canada at a rate never experienced prior to that time. The great handful of people in the West doubled, tripled, quadrupled; unorganized territories became flourishing provinces; hamlets grew into towns, towns were transformed into thriving cities. Why? Because the incoming settlers brought money and goods with them, settled on vacant lands, and began to produce. As they produced new wealth from the soil, the demand for the factory products of the East grew by leaps and bounds. Factories which had remained at a standstill in volume of production year after year, or grew so slowly that it was almost imperceptible, suddenly found it necessary to build a new store, an addition, or a new building altogether in order to meet the demand. Labor was at a premium and unemployment practically unknown. The railways were congested with more traffic than they could handle. More railways had to be built, and thus more employment was created. The mines were busy and so was the lumber industry. It was all directly traceable to the immigration and the enormous resultant increase in agricultural production.

With so recent an object lesson before the country it is amazing to find a very large number of people opposing immigration to Canada now when, in order to carry the burden imposed on the Dominion by reason of the war, the need for more people and largely increased production is so evident. Restrictions have been placed on immigration to Canada which were undreamed of a few years ago, and are of such a character that, as one speaker at a recent public meeting said, had they been in force at the time our parents and grand-parents immigrated to this country, probably one-half of the people now here would not be here. Stringent as present restrictions are, it seems persistent demand in some quarters that they be made even more stringent, while some advocate absolute prohibition of immigration.

Possibly the immigration laws of both Canada and the United States were too lax in the past, but the law is the law, and it is the duty of the government to enforce it. The immigration laws of the United States, against the admission of the diseased, the mentally and morally defective, and the criminal class. All such should be rightly excluded. But lack of money should not be made a deterrent to anybody who is physically fit, morally sound, and mentally efficient, capable and willing to work.

In another respect, too, Canada was at fault in the past in its treatment of new comers. It is not sufficient to induce people to come to assist in the development of the country, but it is equally important for them to stay for themselves, which so often led to failure and shipwreck of their adoption. A recent little "Manual of Citizenship" issued by the Department of Immigration and Colonization for the guidance of new arrivals is therefore, an encouraging innovation. In fact, the change in name from Department of Immigration to "Immigration and Colonization" is in itself significant as an indication of a new attitude. It is important, however, that the work of immigration should not be stopped or checked by too rigid laws and regulations. On the contrary, increased efforts should be put forth to secure new settlers of the right type.

Newsboy Going

To University

Has Saved Enough to Put Himself Through.

For the past ten years, David Paterson, working under the handicap of possessing but one limb, has sold newspapers on the streets of Calgary.

David has gone to Kingston, Ont., to study at Queen's University, where he is eventually becoming a chemical engineer. For the past ten years David has saved carefully, and today possesses enough money to enable him to put him through the eastern university.

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German Competition

Becoming Severe

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English Wages More Hums

England needs 5,500,000 more men to do the work of the country, and the consumption for 1915 of 120 eggs per person, asserts Edward Brown, secretary of the National Policy Council. Mr. Brown says that to the United States and Canada it is stated the average consumption is nearly 200 eggs per person. Based on these figures, for Great Britain, he computes that each person in England last year ate 85 eggs.

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Proves Irrigation Is a Success

Man in Third Season Owns Farm and Equipment.

Proof of success in the irrigated section of Alberta is exhibited in a farmer named Williamson. As a pioneer as a hired man he rented an engine and ploughing outfit on an acreage basis and with the proceeds of one season's ploughing purchased an irrigated farm of eighty acres and broke it in. In the fall he bought a threshing machine and, paid for it through the proceeds of the season's threshing operations. This is his third season's farming and he owns a farm, threshing and ploughing outfit and tractor, all fully paid for.

THE ORIGIN OF GALL STONES

They are simply dried bile made up of crystalline constituents of that fluid. Very common in this disease is the formation of gall stones. Gall stones and those of sedimentary habit, prevention consists in the correct action of the liver and bowels, and in the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. No person using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be troubled with gall stones. The correct action of the liver and bowels, and in the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which are not only good for general health, but also for the liver and bowels. When a laxative is needed, when you feel out of sorts, that's the time to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills of Montreal and Montreal, 25c all dealers or The Caltabrenco Co., Montreal.

More Acres Seeded To Rye

Estimated That Crop of 1922 Will Be Large.

It is estimated that Southern Alberta and Southern Saskatchewan are this year seeding about \$50,000,000 of rye. This is an increase of 250,000 acres last year, an increase of about 500,000 acres, or about 185 per cent. It is further calculated that, given an average yield per acre, the rye crop of 1922 in Southern Alberta and Saskatchewan will give the farmers of these districts three or four million dollars more than they will receive this year.

MILD EPIDEMIC GOING ROUND

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests
of the Empire and District.Subscription price \$2.00 per year
to any part of Canada or
Great Britain

\$2.50 to the United States

E. S. Sexton A. Haskin

Proprietors

Thursday, Oct. 27, 1921

How to Produce Sanitary Milk and Cream
By F. STAMPE

Believing that information concerning "dairying" is being sought by farmers of this district, we have asked Mr. Stampe to contribute articles on the subject. Mr. Stampe is a recognised authority, and his articles should have the interest of farmers who are concerned themselves with the dairying branch of farming.

[continued from last week]

7. Clean and Wholesome Feeding.—This should require a little discussion as it represents the vital factor in caring for a dairy flock. Clean feed that which has been cut and gathered from the field in a careful manner, and which has been stored in the hay-mows or in the stacks for future use. A wind-some food represents a feed which contains in adequate proportions, protein, carbohydrates, fat and dry matter. This particular item cannot be dealt with very briefly as it comprises a careful and long study. For further information covering this subject write Dept. "S," Saskatchewan Creamery Co., Moose Jaw, Sask.

8. Pure Water.—Lack of pure water is oftentimes the reason that some farmers cannot produce a wholesome and sanitary milk. However, the average farm has water wells. It is this water which should be used for quenching the thirst of the dairy stock. Give the cow all she wants to drink and as often as she cares to come for this nourishment. Water is the main ingredient in milk. Consequently the whole condition of the milk is dependent upon the type of water the cow is receiving. Give your cows choice water and you will be repaid many times over for this extra care taken.

9. Clean Strainers.—Milk strainers should always be washed and aired after the morning and the night's milk has been strained into its proper container. Cheese-cloth will readily answer this purpose, if it is securely tied over the straining-wire. It will collect a great portion of the sedi-



Are You Guilty?

Is your picture not overdrawn. You can see it on scores of farms when the temperature is down below zero. It is not only cruelty to animals, but a heavy drain on your life to compel your cattle to stay out in such weather. It will take two weeks feeding to recover the loss of one day under such conditions.

It is far more profitable to let your cattle out at their will. Then their feed is used for production instead of keeping a up body heat.

Think it over—then come and let us show you how little feed will cost you to provide suitable shelter for the number of cattle you own.

The Empress Lumber Yards J. N. ANDERSON, Prop.
Kingsway phone No. 58 2244 4th Ave.
Empress Bindless Cavendish
Mantario and Lapointe

Every Branch of the

SASKATCHEWAN CREAMERY COMPANY OF MOOSE JAW Limited, whether in your town or near your town, is a valuable asset to the dairy farmer. It keeps the industry and community where it is built, enables the dairyman to keep in close touch with the "outside markets." It is profitable because milk can be delivered and shipped without much delay. Better service and better results are the essentials of a modernised when shipping your cream to

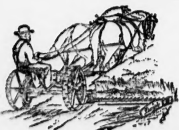
The Saskatchewan Creamery Co.
of MOOSE JAW Limited
EMPRESS

For Massey-Harris

Machinery

and
Repairs

C. O. CARLSON



Home Town Paper Week

is the

Second Week in November
7th to 12th

If you don't take the Home Town Paper, subscribe then.

If you do take it renew your subscription then.

It is very rare for a local newspaper to boost its own business, although it gives quantities of space to boosting others. It has been suggested that the newspapers of the country should adopt a week in which their own business should be given precedent. The Empress Express thoroughly endorses the idea. Thousands of papers will join in the event. We ask readers and advertisers to turn in and lend a hand during "Subscribe for Your Home Town Paper Week," and boost for us.

ment and dirt and will clarify and cleanse the milk to a great extent. Such cheese cloth should be changed from time to time, and special care should be observed that same has been washed after it has been used a few times. Cleanliness in this respect will render excellent service when producing a sanitary milk.

10. Dust-free Stable.—A stable which has been built in a place where the soil is heavier and the stock-yards are situated away from the stable has a fine chance to become dust free. Of course, it requires a daily cleansing of the stables, and the feed-mows. It requires a careful cleansing of the floor and having ample ventilation throughout the building, the dust will soon pass away and will not affect the milk as it is being drawn from the cows. Thousands of bacteria are living in the dirt and the dust of the barns and by clarifying the air in the barns, and cleansing same a great deal of this objection can be eliminated.

11. Clean Bedding.—Do not practice carrying over a straw which was used for bedding the day previous. Always make it a practice to give your cows a clean bedding every night. The cows will appreciate the care and will rest more comfortably during the night. Their productive organism will work more appreciatively if they have received this care. Besides, all this is of vital importance

that the cow is kept clean, and little extra cleaning will be necessary in the morning if the cow has been bedded with clean straw the night previous.

12. Milk with Dry Hands.—While it is necessary and essential that the hands should be clean before commencing milking, it is essential and important to have your hands absolutely dry. Cows do not respond as readily to the milking when it is done with slippery hands, or hands which might gather some of the dirt—not exactly clean from the udders. Wet hands also cause bacteria to increase owing to the fact that the greatest margin of live bacteria are living on moisture and on objects where moisture is frequent. Always remember that clean, dry hands will help to keep your milk sanitary.

13. Sanitary Milk-room.—While it oftentimes adds considerable expense and discourages the keeping of a good dairy stock it has proven to be a successful practice to have a separate milk-room or milk-house as the case may be. A milk-room should never be in close proximity to the barn. It should be at least from 50 feet to 100 feet away. Plentiful ventilation is one of the main requirements for a sanitary milk-room. The flooring, the walls, the equipment in general, should be washed thoroughly twice a week. Utensils must be washed every time they have been used. The milk-room in general

should be purposed for nothing else but keeping and handling.

14. Thorough Cooling of the Milk after Milking.—Milk requires more care and more attention than any other farm product. Owing to the fact that the solids in milk are partly related to the water constituents of milk, it is of vital importance that the acid ingredients must be kept dormant throughout the time of preservation, and must be kept in a state where they cannot possibly multiply, and gradually cause the milk sugar in the milk to partake of the acidity, and thereby force the milk to sour. The milk should be cooled immediately after it has been poured into the sanitary containers for preservation, ice-cold water and good well water are the most preferable cooling methods and a practice should be made that the temperature for cooling is never guessed at, but a dry thermometer should always be used for that purpose. Keep your milk at about 45 degrees until it is ready to be marketed, and you will experience little difficulty in serving your interests as well as the interests of the creamery or dairy you wish to patronise.

Special Notice

The above-mentioned sections have been dealt with in a brief manner. Space did not permit a longer and more detailed analysis. However, Mr. Stampe, has agreed to answer all questions, as far as he possibly can, relating to dairy farming, and the best methods to pursue. Inquiries and answers will be published in a "Query Column" so that the information may be available to all interested. Letters should be addressed.

Do you believe
in signs?

HERE is one you can bank on—the sign of a company that has stood between the country and its fire losses for over a century.

It is also the sign of a live agency—one that specializes on insurance—one that is watchful of your interests as well as the interests of the companies it represents. When you see this sign, think of protection. Think also of agency service. You can safely rely upon our care in looking after your property and in securing prompt and fair settlements in case of loss.

R. M. Henderson

Notary Public & Conveyancer

The
Sure Insurance Agency

ed either to the "Empress Express," Empress, or to Dept. "S," P.O. Box 700, Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan.



A STERN CHASE

is often avoided and also less of time when you enlist the services of a Want Ad if you have an article to sell, buy or Trade, something you have Lost or Found.

FOR SALE

Young Pigs, six weeks old, F.O.B. Cavendish, \$2 per pair.—D. Hawkins, Cavendish, Alta.

Professional Cards

RESULTS COUNT
NEWTON LANE

Professional Auctioneer

Arrangements for sales and sales made at this office

GENERAL

DRAYING

Light or Heavy Work

Transfer to and from C.P.R. Depot

Prompt attention given to all work

E. H. FOUNTAIN

At McArthur's Old Stand

Phone No. 9

MEDICAL

Dr. Donald MacCharles

Physician and Surgeon

Office at New residence on Centre Street

LEGAL

D. S. SUTHERLAND

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR

NOTARY PUBLIC

Commissioner for the Town of Empress

The Union Bank, Ltd.

Money to Loan

Office on Centre St. EMPRESS, Alta.

Eyes Examined Glasses Fitted

J. A. TOOMBS

Optician & Jeweller

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Centre St. Empress, Alta.

F. D. SPARROW

LICENSED AUCTIONEER

Arrangements for sales and dates made at this office

You get a Good Job from

WM. TOREY

Carpenter & Contractor

Estimates furnished

Phone No. 4

Empress Alberta

PHONE NO. 51

CALL US FOR

Good Service in

Light or Heavy

Draying

H. Crozier Feed Barn

2nd Street West

TAX SALE

Sale of lands in the Village of Empress for Arrears of Taxes

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain lands in the Village of Empress will be offered for sale for Arrears of Taxes and Costs, on Tuesday the First Day of November, 1921, at 11 o'clock A.M. at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, unless the arrears of taxes and costs be sooner paid.

A full list of the said lands may be obtained on and the issue of the "Empress Express," of Thursday, the First Day of September, 1921.

D. McCAIGHERN, Treasurer.

Oct 27

PRINTING

That's
What We
Do!

Letterheads Envelopes Stationery Cards
Auction Sale Bills Wedding Invitations
Note and Circular Letters Memorial Cards
Visiting Cards Handbills Business Cards
Mercantile Posters Butter Wrappers

Get the Better Job

By giving your order to

The Empress Express

Cream Prices

Extra No. 1 Churning Cream, 35c. lb. Butterfat	
No. 1 " " 32c. " "	
No. 2 " " 28c. " "	

Monday, October 31, Hallows' e'en.

Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Reid left on Tuesday morning for Winnipeg, where they expect to spend the winter.

Mrs. Fred Fisher of Empress, is willing to undertake all kinds of plain sewing. Prices reasonable.

Don't forget to watch for the date of the Evening of Song—"The Elysian Quartet."

H. E. Sharpe, freight agent has been transferred to Maple Creek. Mr. J. M. McKinnis is now filling the position.

Mrs. McQueen, nee Miss Irene Pullen is visiting at the home of her parents.

At the GRAND THEATRE

A show you may anticipate with pleasure

"Love Flower"

A SEVEN-REEL

D. W. GRIFFITHS

Super-Feature

Next Friday and Saturday,

October 27 and 29

Admission: 50c, 35c, 25c.



All the Pleasures of Motoring Are Yours

If you keep your car in good running order. Just bring it to us as soon as you think there is anything wrong. A little care now and then saves a mountain of time and worry.

CENTRAL GARAGE

SETRAN BROS.

2nd St. West

Agents McLaughlin Cars



YOU CAN GET 150 MORE FOR A BUSHEL OF WHEAT

That Is What You Can Do Provided You Take Advantage of Our Offer



We have made arrangements with the E. H. Heath Co. Limited who publish the CANADIAN POWER FARMER whereby we are able to offer that farm magazine together with our own week at the one price for both papers.

The CANADIAN POWER FARMER is Western Canada's biggest farm monthly. It is now in its twentieth year which means that it is thoroughly established throughout the West. It deals with the mechanical side of the farm. Every issue is full of helpful hints and experiences on the operation of all kinds of farm machinery from a washing-machine to a tractor. Its editor has just completed a trip of several months over Western Canada in a motor car for the purpose of studying the mechanical needs of the farmers. He visited the farmers, lived with them and worked with them. The results of his trip will appear during the next twelve months.

This offer may be withdrawn at any time. Without doubt your intention is to renew for this week, but why not take a year's subscription to the CANADIAN POWER FARMER for the same price as this weekly alone. This is where you can save \$1.50 on a bushel of wheat.

Mail your cheque or drop into our office the first time you are in town.

Extension of Time

A Discount of 10 Per Cent will be allowed on Current Taxes paid before

October 31, 1921

Village of Empress,
D. McEachern, Sec.

Grain Prices

AT EMPRESS, Thursday, Oct. 27

Wheat No 1, Nor.	.80	Track Wheat	
Flax	1.35	Oats	.20
Barley	.28	Rye	.57

Eldon G. Chapman, left on Monday for Calgary.

Messrs. W. C. Boyd, E. L. Kenny and H. J. Duff, left for Calgary, on Monday.

Shipments of cream from Jenner and Countess were received at the local creamery, this week.

For Sale—Ford Car or will trade for horses or cattle. I would also like to buy a few good chickens.—M. L. Haggins.

Mrs. C. Lundie, and son, of Cavendish, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Lacy.

Mrs. Skillman, who has been visiting with her son, Mr. Joe Kennedy, at his ranch, left on Monday for California.

J. Boswell, returned on Tuesday, from Nokomis, Sask., where he has been engaged in threshing operations.

Mrs. P. M. Edwards, of Shaunavon, Sask., is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. N. Read and other relatives here.

Wanted—A woman for about three hours work, Saturday of each week.—Apply, "Empress Express" office.

Major Wm. McIntosh of Irvine, was nominated at the Liberal-Conservative Convention to contest this riding in the coming Federal election. The Liberals postponed selecting a candidate pending conservative selection and doubt is expressed as to their putting a candidate in the field.

Messrs. Fairbairn (Montreal) and James (Winnipeg) heads of the Can. Pac. Railway construction dept., were here overnight. Thursday of last week, in private car, on their return east from a inspection trip.

Percy J. Simmons, as resigned his position as cashier on the local Can. Pacific Railway Co.'s staff. The position is being temporarily filled by A. J. Smith until a permanent appointment is made.

The W.I. are having a Bazaar and Dance on the evening of November 4th, in the Pool Hall, at Bindloss and are also auctioning off a beautiful Auto-graph quilt. Admission to dance \$1. Lunch served. Everyone invited. All welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Anderson, and daughter, Lucile, left on Friday by auto for Montana. Mrs. is visiting his brother, David, who is known to many of the citizens here. He will meet

others of his relatives there. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson expect to return home some time this week.

The busiest place in this neck-of-the-woods is without doubt the coal mine on the banks of the South Saskatchewan, at Wedderburn's ranch. As many as fifty teams a day are reported to be hauling coal from this place. It is solving the cost of winter fuel for many farmers.

VANDYNE

Mr. and Mrs. John Young and family, have left by motor, for Bellingham, Washington U. S. They intend to spend the winter visiting relatives.

On Wednesday evening Oct. 27th, a number of the young people of the neighborhood gave Miss Ruth Marquardt a surprise party on the eve of her departure to spend the winter with friends in Bellingham, Washington. A very enjoyable time was spent.

Mrs. A. Brotherton with her family moved to Sibbald, last week, where Mr. Brotherton is at present employed as C.N.R. agent.

Notice To Creditors

In the Surrogate Court of the Judicial District of Kindersley.

In the Estate of Edward Johnston, Executor late of Empress, in the Province of Alberta, deceased.

PUBLISHED in the Surrogate Courts Act, book 1, Chapter 4 of the Revised Statutes of Saskatchewan and amending acts.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the estate of Edward Johnston, Executor, late of the Post Office, of Empress, in the Province of Alberta, who died on or about the first day of August, A.D. 1918, are to present their claims to the said Administrator by the 15th day of November, A.D. 1921, and to deliver or send by post prepaid to The Standard Trust Company, Saskatchewan, Saskatchewan, Administrator of the said estate, full particulars of their claims duly verified by Statutory Declaration, in accordance with a statement of the securities if any, held by them.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the said mentioned date the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the Estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which shall then have notice, and the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof in any person or persons of whose claims it shall have had notice at the time of such distribution.

DATED AT SASKATOON, Saskatchewan, this 26th day of October, A.D. 1921.

THESE STANDARDS TRUST COMPANY, Administrator of the said Estate.

TAX SALE

Sale of lands in the Municipal District of Acadia No. 241, for Arrears of Taxes

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain lands in the Municipal District of Acadia No. 241, will be sold for arrears of taxes and costs on Saturday the 10th day of November 1921, at 10 o'clock A.M. in the afternoon in the Public Hall at Acadia Valley, Alta., under the terms of taxes and costs become due, and that a complete list of such lands may be found in the Standard Trust Company, Saskatchewan, on Thursday, the 26th of Sept., 1921, at 10 o'clock A.M. in the afternoon, at the Public Hall at Acadia Valley, Alta., or a printed list may be obtained on application to me.

Dated at Acadia Valley, Alta. this 19th day of September, 1921.

Nov. 25 D. M. GRAHAM, Secretary-Treasurer.

Mr. Cowling, of Melville, Sask., home of Mrs. Krogman on November 3, at 2 p.m. A full attendance of the members is requested.

On Friday evening November 11 Armistice day, the Women's Institute will hold a bazaar, entertainment and dance.

A meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the

Mr. and Mrs. Butler of Milwaukee, Wis. visited their sister and brother, Mrs. W. Dooling and F. Butler, over the week end.

In Five Years

How much do you spend in a week on trifles you would never miss?—About three dollars? That amount, deposited every week for five years, would amount to \$841.02.

Copy of our brochure "The Result of Making Weekly Deposits," free on request

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Empress Branch, W. M. Crosbie, Manager

Brodie's Store News

'PHONE 25

To Arrive Next Week!

Carload Winter Apples

containing

Jonathans, Spies, Outlaws, Kings, Wagners, Spitz, Romes, and Winter Bananas

The Price Will be Right. Leave us Your Requirements.

W. R. BRODIE

COAL

None better than the famous Galt Coal

"Burns all night"

For a real economical fuel Try Banff Briquettes

If you require Lumber or Building Material it will pay you to see us.

Imperial Lumber Yards Limited

BINDLOSS, C. Diebolt

EMPRESS, A. Schieb